

03012619

Washington, D.C. 20549

SECURI.

MISSION

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: October 31, 2004 Estimated average burden hours per response.....12.00

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORTCEIVED **FORM X-17A-5**

PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 1/1/02 AND I	ENDING 12/31/02
MM/DD/YY	MM/DD/YY
A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Bankers International Securities	es, Inc. OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
360 Central Avenue, 16th floor	
(No. and Street)	
Saint Petersburg, Florida	33701
(City) (State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO Graeme H. Smith	TO THIS REPORT 727-823-4000, x42
	(Area Code – Telephone Number
B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report Gregory, Sharer & Stuart, P.A. (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)	
100 Second Avenue S, Suite 600, St. Petersburg, FL 337	701
(Address) (City) CHECK ONE:	(State) (Zip Code)
☐ Certified Public Accountant	MAR 2 0 2003
☐ Public Accountant	THOMSON
Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.	FINANCIAL
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Graeme H. Smith , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Bankers International Securities, Inc.
of December 31 , 2002 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) tha
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:
NONE
하는 사람이 되는 생물을 통해야 한다. 회사에 가는 하는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되었다. 그 것이 되는 것이 하는 것이 없는 것이다. 그는 것이 되는 것이 하는 것이 하는 것이 되었다. 그는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되었다.
~ 10
DEBORAH V. GREY Calvie . mits
MY COMMISSION # DD 109202 EXPIRES: July 13, 2006 Signature
Bonded Thru Notary Public Underwriters:
Title
Maharal 21 Magne
Notary Public
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

(b) Statement of Pinancial Condition.
(d) Statement of Changes in Phancial Condition. Cash Flows
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
🔯 (g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 1508-8 2004 1
Companion for Determination of the Reserve Requirements dinder Exhibit Academie 1513x3. 17a-5(d)(4)
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation. (I) An Oath or Affirmation.
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. Not applicable
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous au
X (o) Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Accounting Control. **For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Financial Statements

December 31, 2002 and 2001

Table Of Contents

	Page No.
Facing Page	3-4
Report Of Independent Certified Public Accountants	5
Audited Financial Statements	
Statements Of Financial Condition	6
Statements Of Operations	7
Statements Of Changes In Stockholder's Equity	8
Statements Of Cash Flows	9
Notes To Financial Statements	10-11
Supplementary Information	
Computation Of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 Of The Securities And Exchange Commission	13
Reconciliation Of Net Capital Under Rule 17a-5(d)(4) Of The Securities And Exchange Commission	14
Information Relating To Exemption Under Rule 15c3-3 Of The Securities And Exchange Commission	15
Report Of Independent Certified Public Accountants On Internal Accounting Control Pursuant To SEC Rule 17a-5	16-17



Gregory, Sharer & Stuart, P.A.

Richard H. Caton, CPA M. Timothy Farrell, CPA Thomas H. Gregory, CPA Jeffrey P. McClanathan, CPA James G. Newman, CPA Paula D. Popovich, CPA Larry W. Sharer, CPA Byron C. Smith, CPA Charles L. Stuart, CPA Richard G. Ulrich, CPA

Report Of Independent Certified Public Accountants

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder Bankers International Securities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Bankers International Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and 2001, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bankers International Securities, Inc. at December 31, 2002 and 2001, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the schedules on pages 13 through 15 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Gregory, Sharer & Stuart, P.A.

Grand Share Stuart, A.A.
St. Petersburg, Florida
February 25, 2003

Statements Of Financial Condition

		December 31,				
		2002		2001		
Assets						
Cash	\$	10,001	\$	-		
Certificate of deposit		20,000		40,000		
Advance to affiliate		4,600		84,955		
Other assets		4,577		5,695		
Total Assets	\$	39,178	\$	130,650		
				•		
Liabilities And Stockholder's Equity						
Liabilities						
Income taxes payable	\$	926	\$	1,849		
Stockholder's Equity						
Common stock, \$.10 par value, 10,000 shares						
authorized, 100 shares issued and outstanding		10		10		
Additional paid-in capital		599,990		693,243		
Accumulated deficit	<u></u>	(561,748)		(564,452)		
		38,252		128,801		
Total Liabilities And Stockholder's Equity	\$	39,178	\$	130,650		

Statements Of Operations

	Year Ended D 2002		
Revenues			
Interest	\$ 1,114	\$	2,667
Service fee income	 25,856_		6,700
·.	 26,970		9,367
Expenses			
Administrative expenses	24,506		7,559
Income before income taxes	2,464		1,808
Income tax benefit	 (240)		(2,209)
Net Income	\$ 2,704	\$	4,017

Statements Of Changes In Stockholder's Equity

For The Years Ended December 31, 2002 and 2001

	Prefe Sto			Common Pa		itonal d-In pital	Accumulated Deficit		 Total
Balance December 31, 2000		-		10	6	93,243	(56	8,469)	124,784
Net income for 2001		<u>-</u>						4,017	 4,017
Balance December 31, 2001		-		10	6	93,243	(56	54,452)	128,801
Return of capital		-		-	(93,253)		-	(93,253)
Net income for 2002		<u>-</u> _						2,704	 2,704
Balance December 31, 2002	\$	-	\$	10	\$ 5	99,990	\$ (56	51,748)	\$ 38,252

Statements Of Cash Flows

	Year Ended	Decen	nber 31, 2001
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Net income	\$ 2,704	\$	4,017
Adjustments to reconcile net income			
to net cash provided by operating activities			
Decrease (increase) in operating assets			
Interest and dividends receivable	-		10,430
Income tax receivable/payable	-		1,849
Other assets	1,118		741
Decrease in income taxes payable	(923)		
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	2,899	· -	17,037
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			1
Proceeds from maturity of certificate of deposit	40,000		-
Purchase of certificate of deposit	(20,000)		
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities	20,000		-
Cash Flows From Financing Activities			
Repayment of advance from affiliate, net	80,355		(17,037)
Return of capital	(93,253)		-
Net Cash Used By Financing Activities	(12,898)		(17,037)
Net Decrease In Cash	10,001		-
Cash At Beginning Of Year	·		-
Cash At End Of Year	\$ 10,001	\$	-

Notes To Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

Note A - Operations And Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business

Bankers International Securities, Inc. (the Company) is a securities broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Bankers Financial Corporation (BFC).

Securities Transactions

Securities transactions and related commission expense are recorded on a trade date basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Investment securities are valued at fair value, with the resulting net unrealized gains and losses reflected in earnings of the current period.

Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated income tax return with its parent and its parent's subsidiaries. Any tax benefit from the utilization of a net operating loss in the consolidated income tax returns is paid to the Company, utilizing the separate return method of income tax allocation.

The Company computes its income taxes in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. SFAS No. 109 requires the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under the asset and liability method of SFAS No. 109, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Under SFAS No. 109, the effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note B - Certificate Of Deposit

The Company holds a certificate of deposit of \$20,000 in 2002 and \$40,000 in 2001 with a bank which is a related party of the Company. The stated rate of interest is 1.73% and 2.98% at December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The \$40,000 certificate of deposit matured on December 31, 2002 and \$20,000 was invested in a certificate with a maturity date of December 21, 2003.

Note C - Service Fee

Through November 2002, BFC paid a service fee to the Company in an amount to be determined annually. The service fee was \$15,856 and \$6,700 in 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Note D - Income Taxes

Income tax benefit was \$240 and \$2,209 for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, and differed from the amounts computed by applying the federal and state income tax rates of 34% to pretax income from operations primarily as a result of the dividends received deduction and expenses deductible in different periods.

Income tax benefit attributable to income from operations consists of the following for the years ended December 31:

 Current	Deferred '		Total	
\$ (205)	\$	_	\$	(205)
(35)		-		(35)
\$ (240)	\$	-	\$	(240)
\$ (1,564)	\$		\$	(1,564)
(645)				(645)
\$ (2,209)	\$	_	\$	(2,209)
\$ \$ \$	\$ (240) \$ (1,564) (645)	\$ (205) \$ (35) \$ (240) \$ \$ (1,564) \$ (645)	\$ (205) \$ - (35) - \$ (240) \$ - \$ (1,564) \$ - (645) -	\$ (205) \$ - \$ (35) - \$ (240) \$ - \$ \$ (1,564) \$ - \$ (645) -

Notes To Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

Note E - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that aggregate indebtedness, as defined by the Rule, shall not exceed 1500% of net capital as defined. In December 2002, the Company received approval from the NASD to reduce its required net capital from \$25,000 to \$5,000. The Company must maintain a minimum net capital equal to or greater than its required net capital. The net capital amount, the excess net capital, and the percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital at December 31, 2002 is:

Net capital	\$ 31,003
Excess net capital	\$ 26,003
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	 3%

Supplementary Information

Computation Of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 Of The Securities And Exchange Commission December 31, 2002

Net Capital		
Stockholder's equity qualified for net capital	\$	38,252
Less non-allowable assets		(7,149)
Net Capital Before Haircuts On Securities Positions		31,103
Less haircuts on security positions		
Certificate of deposit		(100)
•		
Net Capital	\$	31,003
	æ	006
Aggregate Indebtedness	\$	926
Computation Of Basic Net Capital Requirement		
Minimum net capital required	\$	61
Excess net capital at 1500%	\$	26,003
Excess net capital at 1000%	\$_	30,910
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		3%

Reconcilation Of Net Capital Under Rule 17a-5(d)(4) Of The Securities And Exchange Commission December 31, 2002

There were no differences between the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 included in this audited report and the computations included in the respondent's corresponding unaudited Form X-17a-5, Part II filing as of December 31, 2002.

Information Relating To Exemption Under Rule 15c3-3 Of the Securities And Exchange Commission December 31, 2002

Bankers International Securities, Inc. was in compliance with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 conditions of exemption for the year ended December 31, 2002 pursuant to subparagraph (k)(1).



Gregory, Sharer & Stuart, P.A.

Richard H. Caton, CPA M. Timothy Farrell, CPA Thomas H. Gregory, CPA Jeffrey P. McClanathan, CPA James G. Newman, CPA Paula D. Popovich, CPA Larry W. Sharer, CPA Byron C. Smith, CPA Charles L. Stuart, CPA Richard G. Ulrich, CPA

Report Of Independent Certified Public Accountants On Internal Accounting Control Pursuant To SEC Rule 17a-5

Board of Directors and Stockholders Bankers International Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Bankers International Securities, Inc. (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the NASD, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Gregory, Sharer & Stuart, P.A.

Lugory, Sharer: Stuart, P.A.

St. Petersburg, Florida

February 25, 2003